

Fluorescein Redirects a Ruthenium–Octaarginine Conjugate to the Nucleus

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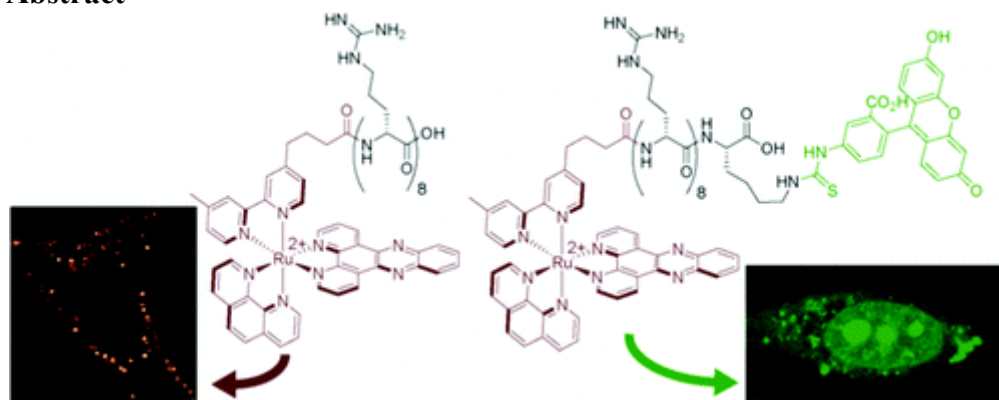
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Abstract



The cellular uptake and localization of a Ru–octaarginine conjugate with and without an appended fluorescein are compared. The inherent luminescence of the Ru(II) dipyridophenazine complex allows observation of its uptake without the addition of a fluorophore.

Ru–octaarginine–fluorescein stains the cytosol, nuclei, and nucleoli of HeLa cells under conditions where the Ru–octaarginine conjugate without fluorescein shows only punctate cytoplasmic labeling. At higher concentrations, however, Ru–octaarginine without the fluorescein tag does exhibit cytoplasmic, nuclear, and nucleolar staining. Attaching fluorescein to Ru–octaarginine lowers the threshold concentration required for diffuse cytoplasmic labeling and nuclear entry. Hence, the localization of the fluorophore-bound peptide cannot serve as a proxy for that of the free peptide.

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